SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Eclipse™ Acoustical Ceiling Panels

Other means of identification

SDS number 41263320001

Eclipse™ High NRC, Eclipse™ HRC, Eclipse™ Illusion, Eclipse™ Pedestals™, Luna™, Luna™ **Additional Products**

Pedestals™, Mars™ (including Planks and Logix), Mars™ Cleanroom, Mars™ HRC (including Planks), Mars™ High-CAC, Mars™ High-NRC, Mars™ Healthcare, Mars™ Healthcare High-NRC, Mars™ Healthcare High-CAC, Millennia™, Millennia™ High-NRC, Millennia™ Illusion and Mars™

Healthcare Clean Room

Ceiling Tiles, Mineral Fiber Ceiling Panels/Tiles Synonyms

Recommended use Interior use.

Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Recommended restrictions

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name USG Interiors, LLC **Address** 550 West Adams Street

Chicago, Illinois 60661-3637

Telephone 1-800-874-4968 Website www.usq.com 1-800-507-8899 **Emergency phone number**

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified. **Health hazards** Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None. Signal word None. **Hazard statement** None.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. Response

Storage Store as indicated in Section 7.

Disposal Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Slag wool fiber	N/A	> 75
Kaolin	1332-58-7	< 10
Perlite	93763-70-3	< 10
Starch	9005-25-8	< 6
Aluminum hydroxide	21645-51-2	< 2

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Continuous filament glass fiber	65997-17-3	< 2
Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1)	26499-65-0	< 2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 1

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight.

Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide, which has been classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). However, per IARC "no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints" (1). See Section 16 for further information.

4. First-aid measures

Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move Inhalation

injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if

symptoms persist.

Skin contact Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

persists.

Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical Eye contact

assistance.

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Ingestion

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this product is not expected to be a health risk. Dust may

irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed **General information** Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methods

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store away from incompatible materials.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

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u	.3.	-	OSHA

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Slag wool fiber	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fiber, respirable (diameter ≤ 3.5 µm and length ≥ 10 µm)
		15 mg/m3	Fiber, total
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Co Components	ontaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.10 Components	000) Type	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum hydroxide (CAS 21645-51-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Respirable fibers (length > 5 µm & aspect ratio ≥ 3:1)
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Slag wool fiber	TWA	1 fibers/cm3	Fiber, respirable (length > 5 µm and aspect ratio ≥
			3:1)

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Components	Type	Value	Form
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)	TWA	3 fibers/cm3	Respirable fibers (≤ 3.5 µm in diameter & ≥ 10 µm in length)
		3 fibers/cm3	Fibrous dust.
		5 mg/m3	Fiber, total
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Slag wool fiber	TWA	3 fibers/cm3	Fibrous dust.
		3 fibers/cm3	Fiber, respirable (diameter ≤ 3.5 μm and length ≥ 10 μm)
		5 mg/m3	Fiber, total
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total

Biological limit values

Appropriate engineering

controls

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure. Cut and trim with a utility knife or hand saw to minimize dust levels. If a router is used it must have a dust collection system. Operations such as power cutting, power kerfing or using compressed air to remove dust are not recommended (2). See Section 16 for further information.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin

contact use suitable protective gloves.

Skin protection

Other Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure Respiratory protection

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

Thermal hazards None.

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment separately from regular wash. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid. Form Panel or tile.

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White or colored surface; beige/gray core. Color

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

0.24 - 0.35 (H2O=1)

Odor Low to no odor. Odor threshold Not applicable.

9 pН

Melting point/freezing point 2200 °F (1204.44 °C) (Slag wool)

Initial boiling point and boiling Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper

range

Flash point Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not applicable. Not applicable. Explosive limit - upper (%) Vapor pressure Not applicable. Vapor density Not applicable.

Relative density Solubility(ies)

> Solubility (water) Very low solubility in water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable. Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature Viscosity** Not applicable.

Other information

15 - 22 lb/ft3 **Bulk density**

VOC 0 % (see Section 16 for further detail)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation. Skin contact May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.

Eye contact Direct contact with airborne particulates may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may

irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be a hazard under normal conditions of intended use.

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Components Species Test Results

Aluminum hydroxide (CAS 21645-51-2)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat > 50000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 3.43 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eve damage/eve

irritation

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not expected to cause respiratory sensitization based on non-skin sensitization history.

Skin sensitization

Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available, but none expected.

Carcinogenicity

Due to the form of the product, exposure to the potentially carcinogenic components is not expected.

Continuous filament glass fibers: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized continuous filament glass fibers as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC as insufficient to classify continuous filament glass fiber as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material. The ACGIH has established a TLV (Threshold Limit Value or recommended exposure limit) for continuous filament glass fiber of 1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air for respirable fibers and 5 mg per cubic meter of air for inhalable glass fiber dust. These levels were established to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper airways. IARC, NTP (US National Toxicology Program) and OSHA (US Occupational Safety and Health

Administration) do not list continuous filament glass fibers as a carcinogen. As manufactured, continuous filament glass fibers in this product are not respirable. Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be glass

shards.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not regulated.

Not expected to be a reproductive hazard. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

No data available, but none expected.

Aspiration hazard

Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects No other specific acute or chronic health impact noted.

12. Ecological information

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the **Ecotoxicity**

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components **Species Test Results**

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Aquatic

Acute

LC50 Crustacea Daphnia magna > 1.1 g/l, 48 Hours

Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

Aquatic

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 1970 mg/l, 96 hours Fish LC50

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Aquatic

Acute

EC50 > 100 mg/l, 48 Hours Crustacea Daphnia magna Fish LL50 Oryzias latipes > 100 mg/l, 96 Hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil No data available. Other adverse effects None expected.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code

Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

15. Regulatory information

This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard **US federal regulations**

Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

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SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)

Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate hemihydrate CAS 10034-76-1) (CAS 26499-65-0)

Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)

Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)

Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)

Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause

cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS 65997-17-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) No
Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) No

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United States & Puerto Rico

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

19-December-2014 Issue date **Revision date** 14-February-2019

Version #

Further information

Slag Wool Fiber: Large morbidity and mortality studies of both European and North American mineral wool manufacturing workers have been conducted. These studies have found no significant association of non-malignant (i.e., fibrosis) or malignant (i.e., lung cancer or mesothelioma) lung disease and exposures to slag wool fibers and have not established a causal relationship between exposure and non-malignant or malignant diseases.

In 2001, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) assigned slag wool fiber to the Group 3 category ["not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"]. The synthetic mineral fiber used in this product is exonerated from classification as a carcinogen in accordance with Note Q in the EU Commission Directive 97/69/EC.

Titanium dioxide: Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. This conclusion relates to long-term inhalation exposure to high concentrations of pigmentary (powdered) or ultrafine titanium dioxide. However, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints. The available human studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer. The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this chemical as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (A4). The US National Toxicology Program (NTP) has not listed this chemical in its report on carcinogens.

VOC Emissions: USG certifies the above listed products are Low-Emitting, defined as a concentration for each individual volatile organic compound specified in the Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers (CA/DHS/EHLB/R-174, 2004; aka, chamber testing portion of CA Section 01350) and ASTM Standard Guide D5116-06.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

NFPA ratings



References

- 1.) International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), Volume 93: Carbon Black, Titanium Dioxide, and Talc; (5. Summary of data reported). IARC, 2010. Available at: http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Monographs/vol93/mono93.pdf
- 2.) North American Insulation Manufacturer's Association (NAIMA). Working Smart with Fiber Glass, Rock Wool and Slag Wool Products. NAIMA, 2007. Available at: http://insulationinstitute.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/N059.pdf

Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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